

Article 3 – Definitions; Terms of Measurements and Calculations

25.03.01 – General Rules of Interpretation

The following rules of construction apply to the text of this Chapter:

- 1. The particular controls the general.
- 2. In case of any difference of meaning or implication between the text of this Chapter and any caption, illustration, summary table, or illustrative table, the text controls.
- 3. The words "shall," "may not," and "must" are always mandatory and not discretionary. The words "should" and "may" are permissive.
- 4. Words used in the present tense also include the future.
- 5. Words used in the singular number also include the plural; and plural the singular, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.
- 6. The phrase "used for" includes "arranged for," "designed for," "intended for," "maintained for," or "occupied for."
- 7. Words or terms not otherwise included are defined by their common dictionary meaning.
- 8. Unless the context clearly indicates the contrary, where a regulation involves two (2) or more items, conditions, provisions, or events connected by the conjunctions "and," "or," or "either...or," the conjunction will be interpreted as follows:
 - (a) When used to connect a list of requirements or required conditions, "and" indicates that all the connected items apply.
 - (b) When used to connect a list of permitted items or events, "and" indicates that the items or events are permitted singly or in any combination.
 - (c) "Or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions, or events may apply singly or in any combination.
 - (d) "And...or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions, or events will apply singly or in combination.



- (e) "Either...or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions, or events will apply singly but not in combination.
- (f) The word "includes" does not limit a term to the specified examples, but is intended to extend its meaning to all other instances or circumstances of like kind or character, and has the same meaning as "includes but is not limited to."
- 9. All terms appearing in this Chapter that are defined under various sections of the City Building Code have the meanings specified in the Building Code except where specifically defined in this Chapter; however, in case of a conflict, the more restrictive meaning applies.
- 10. The word "State" means the State of Maryland. The word "County" means the County of Montgomery County, Maryland, and the term "City" means the City of Rockville, Maryland.

25.03.02 - Words and Terms Defined

Abutting or Adjoining - Having a common point or border.

Accessory Apartment

- 1. A second dwelling unit that is:
 - (a) Part of and subordinate to an existing single unit detached dwelling; and
 - (b) Contains cooking, eating, sanitation, and sleeping facilities.
- 2. An accessory apartment is not an accessory use or a home-based business enterprise as defined in this Chapter.

Accessory Drive-Through Window - A drive-through window which is incidental to the primary use of the structure and which consist of one (1) drive-through window and an associated single queue lane. An accessory drive-through window is a special exception use under this Chapter.

Accessory Swimming Pool - See "Swimming Pool, Accessory."

Accessory Use – See "Use, Accessory."

Acre A land area containing 43,560 square feet. [MOVED TO MEASUREMENTS IN 25.03.03.c]



Adjacent - Near or close to but not necessarily touching.

Administrative Adjustment - A modification of certain regulations in residential low density zones-Single Dwelling Unit Residential Zones by the Chief of Planning as set forth in Section 25.06.06.

Adult Day Care Center - A licensed facility in which day care services, reception and/or care are provided to four (4) or more persons over the age of 16, for any part of a 24 hour period in accordance with all applicable State and County laws and regulations.

Adult Oriented Establishment - Any commercial establishment which devotes either 250 or more square feet or five percent (5%) of its gross floor area, whichever is smaller, to the retailing, distributing, exhibiting, and/or storing of sexually oriented materials, or to affording customers the opportunity to engage in sexually oriented activities.

- 1. The term includes, but is not limited to, the following establishments which meet the criteria of this definition: bookstores, live theaters, motion picture theaters or arcades, massage parlors, model studios, and nightclubs; but does not include hotels or motels.
- 2. Live theaters or motion picture theaters do not meet this definition unless a predominance of the pictures or performances exhibited constitute sexually oriented materials as defined herein.

Alley - A passage or way open to public travel whether publicly or privately owned, generally affording a secondary means of vehicular access to abutting lots and not intended for general traffic circulation. A private drive is not an alley.

Alteration, Structural - Any change to a building or structure including, but not limited to:

- 1. Bearing walls;
- 2. Load-bearing columns;
- 3. Beams or girders;
- 4. An enlargement or reduction in the gross floor area or building height; and/or
- 5. Any substantial change in the roof or exterior walls.



Amenity - A natural or created feature that enhances the aesthetic quality or visual appeal or makes more attractive or satisfying a particular property, place, or area.

Animal Boarding Place - Any building or land, other than a veterinary hospital, used, designed, or arranged for overnight boarding, breeding, or care of dogs, cats, fowl, or other domestic animals for profit and non-profit kennels, not including those animals raised for agricultural purposes. Also see "Kennel." [REMOVED COMPLETELY FOR LACK OF USE.]

Animal Grooming Service A facility, other than a veterinary hospital, used for the grooming of household pets for profit, and not including overnight boarding. [RENAMED "PET GROOMING SERVICE" AND ALPHABETIZED UNDER "P"]

Animal Hospital - A facility staffed by at least one (1) veterinarian licensed by the State for the medical treatment and care of animals; and which keeps animals overnight only for medical purposes.

Antenna - Any structure or device used to collect, receive, transmit, or radiate electromagnetic waves, including both directional antennae (such as panels, microwave dishes, satellite earth station antennae over two (2) meters in diameter) and omni-directional antennae (such as whips). This term does not include antennae two (2) meters or less in diameter, and antennae regulated by 47 C.F.R. Section 1.4000, as amended.

Antenna Support Structure - A structure designed for the primary purpose of supporting one (1) or more antennae (including telescoping mast, tower, monopole, tethered blimp, or other support structure). The term includes structures located on buildings or other structures, ground-mounted, or tethered.

Apartment, Accessory – See "Accessory Apartment."

Apartment Building House - See "Dwelling, Multiple-Unit."

Applicant - A person submitting an application for development.

Approving Authority - The appointed body or other City representative authorized by this Chapter to render a final decision on specific application requests administered under the Chapter.

Appurtenance — A subsidiary or accessory structure, landscaping, or other feature that is within the environmental setting and/or property boundaries of a site project.

[REMOVED COMPLETLEY]



Archaeological Site - A location that contains physical evidence of past human activities for which a boundary can be established and which derives its primary documentary and interpretive information through archaeological research techniques.

Assisted Living Facility — A facility licensed, funded, certified, or registered by the State or the County which provides a protective institutional or home-type environment, and maintains the necessary services for person who, because of advanced age or disability require a supportive environment. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

Atrium - A space enclosed within a building that is open and unobstructed from the floor level to the roof of the building.

Attached Dwelling Unit - See "Dwelling Unit, Attached."

Automobile Filling Station - A building, lot, or both having pumps and fuel storage tanks for dispensing or selling for retail sale and where repair service is incidental. An automobile filling station is in one (1) of three two (2) classes, as follows:

- 1. *Class I +* The retailing of groceries is incidental, and no storage or parking space is offered for rent.
- 2. Class II 2 The retailing of groceries is incidental, no storage or parking space is offered for rent, and a mechanical car wash is included as an integral part of the site.

Automobile Fluid Maintenance Station - Any area of land, including buildings and other structures thereon, that is used to service the routine fluid maintenance of a motor vehicle, including engine, transmission, differential, power steering, battery, brakes cooling, and windshield washer systems; and where no general motor vehicle repair, junk, and auto wrecking business is conducted.

Automobile Parking Facility - "See Parking Facility" A lot or parking portion thereof used for the storage or parking of cars, incidental to an office, commercial, institutional, or industrial use, with or without compensation. [RENAMED "PARKING FACILITY" AND ALPHABETIZED UNDER "P"]

Automobile Parking Lot, Commercial — "See Commercial Parking Lot" A lot or portion thereof, other than an automobile sales lot, held out or used for the storage or parking of six (6) or more motor vehicles for compensation as the principal use of the property. [RENAMED COMMERCIAL PARKING LOT AND ALPHABETIZED UNDER "C"]



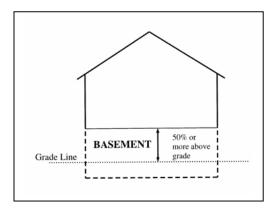
Automobile Parking Structure - A public or private building or structure, or part of the same, designed and used for the parking of motor vehicles, with or without compensation.

Automobile Repair Garage - A building where the business of general motor vehicle repair and service such as engine work or body repair is conducted within the building, but excluding a junk and/or auto wrecking business.

Awning - A retractable cover that can be extended from a building wall to provide shade or cover to the pedestrian area below.

Banner - Any sign or string of one (1) or more signs, usually made of cloth or other lightweight material, which is used to attract attention, whether or not imprinted with words or characters, including but not limited to balloons and pennants.

Basement - That portion of a building below the first floor joists, at <u>last least</u> half of whose clear ceiling height is <u>before below</u> the level of the adjacent finished grade.



Bed and Breakfast Lodging

- 1. A single-unit detached dwelling that:
 - (a) Is owner-occupied; and
 - (b) In which a guest room or rooms are provided, Provides a guest room or rooms within the dwelling, for compensation, as overnight accommodations for transient visitors who remain no longer than two (2) weeks in any one (1) visit; and
 - (c) Customarily serves breakfast which is included in the charge for the room.



2. A bed-and-breakfast lodging is not a hotel, motel, inn, restaurant, home-based business enterprise, or other use as defined or regulated elsewhere in this Chapter.

Berm - An earthen mound constructed to provide a visual enhancement or buffer between the site and adjoining or confronting properties. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

<u>Bicycle Parking – A stationary rack, locker, or similar structure that supports a bicycle in a stable position and to which the user can lock the bicycle with a cable or chain and lock.</u>

- 1. *Bicycle Parking, Long Term* Parking for bicycles located in a secure and weather-protected area where the bicycles will remain for several hours.
- 2. *Bicycle Parking, Short Term* Parking for bicycles that will be left for short stops and can consist of either racks or lockers.

Bicycle Storage Facility Facilities - Areas, structures, and other devices to accommodate the short-term or long-term parking or storage of bicycles.

Bikeway - A pathway designed to accommodate bicycling, and which pedestrians may also share. A bikeway may be in one (1) of three (3) classes classified in accordance with the Bikeway Master Plan, as follows: [CLASSES HAVE BEEN REMOVED COMPLETELY FOR LACK OF USE]

- a. Class 1 A bikeway that may be shared by pedestrians and is fully separated from a public roadway. A Class 1 bikeway may be within the right-of-way of a public road, on its own right-of-way, or on public or private land.
- b. Class 2 A bikeway that shares the pavement of a public roadway, but is marked or striped to indicate that the bikeway is separate from the roadway's vehicle travel lanes.
- c. Class 3 A bikeway that shares the pavement of a public roadway. There is no pavement marking or striping; however the bikeway is identified by signs posted along the right of way designating the roadway as a bikeway.

Board, The - The Board of Appeals of the City, unless otherwise specified.

Boardinghouse - A dwelling in which lodging or meals, or both, are furnished to three (3) or more guests for compensation. A boarding house is not considered a homebased business enterprise.

Buildable Lot – See "Lot, Buildable."



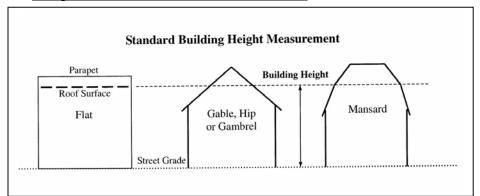
Building - A structure having one (1) or more stories and a roof, designed primarily for the shelter, support, or enclosure of persons, animals, or property of any kind.

- 1. *Building, Accessory* A building subordinate to, and located on the same lot with a main building, the use of which is clearly incidental to that of the main building or to the use of the land, and which is not attached by any part of a common wall or common roof to the main building.
 - Building, Community A building for social, educational, and recreational activities of a neighborhood, provided any such use is not operated primarily for profit or commercial purposes. [REMOVED COMPLETELY FOR LACK OF USE]
- 2. *Building, Main* A building in which is conducted the principal use of the lot on which it is situated. In any residential zone, any dwelling shall be deemed to be a main building on the lot on which the same is located.

Building Footprint – See "Footprint of a Building."

Building, Height of [MOVED TO MEASUREMENTS IN 25.03.03.c]

- a. Generally Except as otherwise provided, the height of a building is measured from the level of the approved street grade opposite the middle of the front of the building. The height is measured to:
 - 1. The highest point of roof surface of a flat roof.;
 - 2. The deck line of a mansard roof.; or
 - 3. Except as set forth in subsection (b.5) below, The mean height level between the eaves and ridge or peak of a gable, hip, or gambrel roof, except as set forth in subsection b.5. below.





b. Exceptions:

- 1. Greater Than 35' Setback If a building is set back 35 feet or more from the street line, the building height is measured from the average elevation of the finished grade along the front of the building.
- 2. Corner Lot Exceeding 20,000 Square Feet—On a corner lot exceeding 20,000 square feet of area, the height of a building may be measured from either adjoining street grade.
- 3. *Terraces above Street Grade* If the building is located on a terrace above the street grade, the height is measured from the top of the terrace.
- 4. Through Lots For a through lot, the height may be measured from either street grade, provided that the maximum height permitted on the higher street extends to a point 150 feet from the lower street line, at which point the maximum height must be measured from the lower street.
- 5. Special Provision For Lots in the R-60, R-75, and R-90 Zones The height of residential dwellings in the R-60, R-75, and R-90 Zones is measured at the mid-point of the front of the building from the surface of the preexisting grade to the peak of a gable, hip, or mansard roof or to the roof surface of a flat roof. See Section 25.10.08.c.

Building Line - A line tracing the foundation wall or any enclosed porch, vestibule, or other enclosed portion of a building.

Building Permit - An official City document or certification authorizing the construction, alteration, enlargement, conversion, reconstruction, remodeling, rehabilitation, erection, moving, or repair of a building or structure.

Building Sign – See "Sign, Building."

Build-To Line - The line at which construction of a building, excluding permissible encroachments provided in <u>Section 25.09.05</u>, is required to occur on a lot. A build-to line typically runs parallel to the front property line and is established to create an even building façade line on a street.

Bus Shelter - A small, partially enclosed structure installed along a roadway designed for the protection and convenience of bus passengers. [REMOVED COMPLETELY FOR LACK OF USE]

Canopy - A marquee, porte-cochere, or other unenclosed covering structure projecting from and attached to a building, with or without supporting members,



protecting pedestrians and vehicles outside of an entrance doorway from inclement weather.

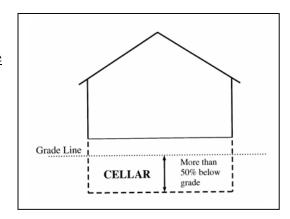
Capital Improvements Program (CIP) - A schedule of future public improvements adopted annually by the Mayor and Council to provide a means of estimating construction schedules, costs, and means of financing projects such as roads, sewer and water systems, and parks, or improvements to the same.

Car Wash, Mechanical - A place or structure used for the washing of automobiles in which all or part of the washing function is performed by mechanical equipment. Carry-Out - An establishment where ready-to-eat food products are sold at retail primarily for consumption off the premises and not having drive-through or walk-up window services. Such an establishment is not considered as to be a restaurant.

Catering Service <u>Caterer</u> - A licensed <u>An</u> establishment that contracts <u>licensed</u> to prepare food for delivery and consumption off the premises.

<u>Cellar</u> – That portion of a building below the first floor joists at least half of whose clear ceiling height is below the level of the adjacent ground.

Cemetery - A place used for the permanent interment of dead human or animal bodies or the cremated remains thereof. It may be either:



- 1. A burial park for earth interments;
- 2. A mausoleum for vault or crypt interments;
- 3. A columbarium for cinerary interments; or
- 4. A combination of one (1) or more thereof.

Centerline of a Street – See "Street, Centerline of."

Certificate of Approval - An official city document issued under the auspices of the Historic District Commission authorizing the construction, alteration, enlargement, conversion, reconstruction, remodeling, rehabilitation, erection, demolition, moving, or repair of the exterior of a building or structure or the alteration of the environmental setting of a site within a designated Historic District Zone (multi-site or single-site) in the City.



Charitable or Philanthropic Institution

- 1. The office or operations facility for a private, non-profit, <u>and</u> tax-exempt organization which is not organized or operated for the purpose of carrying on a trade or business, which provides either:
 - (a) Volunteer aid to the sick and wounded of the armed forces in time of war and national relief in case of great national calamities; or
 - (b) Any of the following: religious, social, physical, recreational, and/or benevolent services.
- 2. No member of the organization can benefit directly from the net earnings of the organization.

Chief of Inspection Services - The individual holding the position of Chief of Inspection Services within the City's Department of Community Planning and Development Services or such individual's designee.

Chief of Planning - The individual holding the position of Chief of Planning within the City's Department of Community Planning and Development Services or such individual's designee.

Child Care Center - A building or residence in which child day care services are provided to more than eight (8) children at any one (1) time in accordance with all applicable State and County laws and regulations.

Child Care Home - A private residence in which a registered family day care provider cares for up to eight (8) children for compensation for any part of a 24 hour period in accordance with all applicable State and County laws and regulations.

Code - The compilation of the laws of the City of Rockville, otherwise known as the Rockville City Code.

Colocation Collocation - The use of a wireless telecommunication facility by more than one (1) wireless service provider.

Columbarium - A building or structure located primarily above-ground and used for the interment of the cremated remains of deceased persons or animals.

<u>Commercial Parking Facility</u> - A lot, structure, or portion thereof, other than an <u>automobile sales lot, held out or used for the storage or parking of six (6) or more</u> motor vehicles for compensation as the principal use of the property.



Commercial Sign - See "Sign, Commercial."

Commission, <u>The</u> - The Planning Commission of the City, unless otherwise specified.

Comprehensive Transportation Review (CTR) - An analysis that addresses requirements for multimodal transportation facilities, automobile traffic standards, and site access and circulation for the purpose of assuring adequate transportation facilities to serve proposed development.

Conditional Use-- Uses that are permitted in a zone subject to certain requirements specified for the zone. See "Use, Conditional"

Confronting - Properties directly opposite each other, and separated only by public right-of-way.

Consumable Good to Be Used in the Home - Products used in the home that must be replenished on a regular basis, including but not limited to groceries, baked goods, hobby and craft supplies, pharmaceuticals, personal care items, and similar products. Items that are separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

<u>Contiguous</u>— Sharing an edge or boundary; touching and not separated by other property or a public street or alley.

Copy – For purposes of signs, copy means the content of a sign.

Corner Lot – See "Lot, Corner."

Cornice - An architectural feature or design element on a building façade that denotes the roof line of the building.

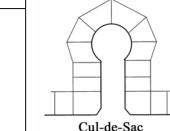
Courtyard - An open space uncovered to the sky, bounded by buildings.

- 1. Courtyard, Inner The open space formed on four (4) sides by building walls.
- 2. *Coutryard*, *Outer* The open space bounded on three (3) sides by building walls.

Coverage - See "Lot Coverage."

Crematorium - An establishment used for the cremation of the remains of deceased persons or animals.

Crosswalk - A specially paved or marked path for pedestrians crossing a street, road or other vehicular driveway.





Cul-de-Sac - A secondary street with only one (1) outlet and having an appropriate terminal for the convenient reversal of traffic movement.

Day Care Center, Adult – See "Adult Day Care Center."

Decision - The final decision determination of an Approving Authority.

Deck - An uncovered accessory structure attached to a dwelling and providing a level outdoor recreation space elevated at least six (6) inches from the ground level.

Demolition - The complete razing of a structure; or

- 1. The removal of more than 50% of the total exterior wall surfaces from the grade up;
- 2. The removal of more than 50% of the roof area (as measured in <u>vertical plan</u> view); or
- 3. The removal of any wall facing a public street.

Demolition by Neglect of Historic Properties - Failure to maintain property, or any component thereof, located within a designated Historic District so as to jeopardize the historic integrity of the property.

Dental Clinic Building - An establishment where patients are accepted for specialized study and/or treatment by a group of two (2) or more dentists practicing dentistry together.

Development - Any activity, other than unimproved open space activity, which materially affects the existing condition or use of any land or structure.

Development Standard Nonconformity - A building, structure, or improvement that was lawful when established but no longer conforms to development standards of the zone in which it is located, as set forth in this Chapter (such as, but not limited to, parking, lot coverage, green space, etc.), because of the adoption or amendment of this Chapter or zoning map.

<u>Directional Sign - See "Sign, Directional."</u>

<u>Domestic Partnership</u> – Two (2) individuals of the same or different genders who have registered as a domestic partnership in a jurisdiction where such a registration system exists, or who share a close personal relationship for each other's welfare, and share financial and legal obligations.



Dormitory - A building or portion thereof used for sleeping purposes in connection with a school, college, or other institution.

Drive-Through Window, Accessory - See "Accessory Drive-Through Window."

Dump Any premises used primarily for disposal by abandonment, discarding, dumping, reduction, burial, incineration, or any other means and for whatever purpose of garbage, trash, refuse, dead animals, waste material of any kind, junk, or discarded machinery, vehicles, or parts thereof, but not for sewage or animal waste. [REMOVED COMPLETELY FOR LACK OF USE]

Durable Goods to Be Used in the Home - Items for use in the home that last for a significant time span, including but not limited to bicycles, home electronics equipment, household appliances, paint and wallpaper supplies, hardware, home furniture and furnishings, floor coverings, antiques, and similar items. Other items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

Dwelling Unit - A building or portion thereof providing complete living facilities for not more than one (1) family, including, at a minimum, facilities for cooking, sanitation, and sleeping.

- 1. *Dwelling, Attached (Dwelling Unit, Attached)* One (1) of a group of three (3) or more single dwelling units sharing common party walls or floors. Each dwelling unit must have one (1) direct entrance from the outside.
- 2. Dwelling, Duplex See "Dwelling, semidetached."
- 3. *Dwelling, Multiple-Unit* (*Apartment Building*) A building containing three (3) or more dwelling units which may or may not share a common entry.
- 4. *Dwelling, Semidetached (Duplex)* One (1) of two (2) single unit <u>attached</u> dwellings located on abutting lots meeting the following criteria:
 - (a) The dwellings are joined by a party wall along the common lot line and extending from the basement floor to the highest point of the roof with no openings; and
 - (b) No other buildings or structures adjoin either dwelling unit.
- 5. *Dwelling, Single Unit Detached* A building designed and intended for use as a single dwelling and entirely separated from any other building or structure on all sides. A single unit detached dwelling may include an accessory apartment approved by special exception.



6. *Dwelling Unit*, *Townhouse* - One (1) of a group of three (3) or more single unit dwellings separated from each other by a party wall extending from the basement floor to the highest point of the roof with no openings. Each dwelling unit must have two (2) separate entrances from the outside.

Easement - A grant or reservation by the owner of land for the use of all or a portion of such property to the public or others, for a specific purpose.

Educational Institution, Private

- 1. A private school or training institution which offers a formal educational program.
- 2. This term does not include any establishment having a single teacher, tutor, instructor, or supervisor teaching a maximum of four (4) persons at any one (1) time.

Election Sign – See "Sign, Election."

Engineer, Chief - The Chief Engineering Officer for the City and the Engineer's duly authorized agents. [REMOVED FOR LACK OF USE]

Environmental Guidelines – A document adopted in July 1999 by the Mayor and Council to establish a comprehensive and cohesive method to protect the for the protection and enhancement of the City's existing natural resources, as that document may be amended or revised during and after the development process.

Environmental Setting - The area associated with a site within a designated Historic District Zone, including buildings and grounds.

Equipment Enclosure for Wireless Communication Facility – For purposes of a wireless communication facility, a freestanding or mounted structure, shelter, cabinet, or vault used to house and to protect the electronic equipment and associated equipment necessary for processing wireless communication signals. Associated equipment may include air conditioners, back-up power supplies, and emergency generators.

<u>Established Setback</u> — Where the majority of lots located on one (1) side of a street between two (2) intersecting streets are occupied by buildings having a front setback different from the normal standard specified, all buildings must conform to the setback line thus established up to the maximum specified in the zone.

Expression Line - An architectural feature or design element on a building façade that indicates a demarcation between floor levels.



Façade - The exterior walls of a building or structure exposed to public view or that wall viewed by <u>a</u> person not within the building.

Family - An individual, or two (2) or more persons all of whom are related to each other by blood, or marriage, domestic partnership, adoption, guardianship or other duly authorized custodial relationship, or a group of not more than five (5) persons (excluding servants) all of whom are not related to each other by blood, or marriage, domestic partnership, adoption, guardianship, or other duly authorized custodial relationship, living together as a single housekeeping group in a dwelling unit.

Fence - A vertical structure with some transparency used to delineate a boundary or act as a barrier or means of protection, confinement, or screening. This term includes walls used for the purpose of a lot boundary demarcation.

Fenestration - Openings in the building wall allowing light and views between interior and exterior. Fenestration is measured as the glass area (excluding mountings and similar window frame elements with a dimension greater than one inch (1")) for conditioned space and as open area for parking structures or other un conditioned, enclosed space. [MOVED TO MEASUREMENTS IN 25.03.03.c]

Firearm - A rifle, shotgun, revolver, pistol, airgun, air rifle, and any similar mechanism, by whatever name known, which is designed to expel a projectile through a gun barrel by the action of any explosive, gas, compressed air, spring, or elastic and including any such mechanism that is loaded with blank or live cartridges or projectiles of any kind.

Flag - Any fabric containing distinctive colors, patterns, or symbols, used as an ornamental flag or as a symbol of a government, political subdivision, or other entity.

Flag, Ornamental - Any fabric or similar material designed to be flown as a flag and containing patterns, drawings, or symbols used for decorative purposes and is noncommercial in nature.

Flea Market - A group of vendors assembled in an open area or a structure on an occasional or periodic basis and offer goods for trade or sale to the general public.

Floodplain

1. A relatively flat or low land area adjoining a river, stream, or watercourse which is subject to partial or complete inundation by water <u>as defined or delineated on the latest FEMA flood maps</u>; <u>or</u>



2. An area subject to the unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

Floor Area Ratio (FAR) - The ratio of the gross floor area of all buildings on a lot to the lot area, excluding any portion of a building devoted to off-street parking. [MOVED TO MEASUREMENTS IN 25.03.03.c]

Footprint of a Building - With regard to a building, the area encompassed by a building's outer wall at ground level.

Freestanding Sign – See "Sign, Freestanding."

Front Lot Line - See "Lot Line, Front."

Front Yard – See "Yard, Front."

Frontage - The length of the front property line of the lot or tract of land abutting a public street.

Funeral Home or Undertaking Establishment

- 1. An establishment providing any or all of the following services:
 - (a) Temporary holding and transporting of human remains to and from the premises;
 - (b) Embalming and preparation of remains;
 - (c) Visiting of the premises by family members and the public for the purpose of viewing the remains and conducting funeral and memorial services; and/or
 - (d) The organization Organizing of funeral processions.
- 2. A crematorium is not included in this definition.

Glare - A harsh brilliance from a direct or reflected light source that causes the observer to squint, shield, or avert the eyes.

Gross Floor Area of Building

- 1. The total number of square feet of floor area in a building,
 - (a) Excluding uncovered steps, uncovered porches, atriums, rooftop mechanical equipment enclosures, and off-street parking; but



- (b) Including basements <u>and/or attics</u> designed and available for tenant use or occupancy.
- 2. All measurements must be made between exterior faces of walls or the centerline of walls of abutting buildings, foundations, piers, or other means of support.

Group Home - A facility licensed, funded, certified, or registered by the State of Maryland or the County operating as a group home or domiciliary care home offering residential accommodations, supervision, or assisted community living for the residents. The number of residents includes members of the staff who reside at the group home, but does not include infants less than two (2) months old. Group homes are classified as follows:

- 1. *Group Home*, *Small* A group home for three (3), but not more than eight (8), residents.
- 2. *Group Home*, *Large* A group home for nine (9), but not more than 16, residents or the limit set by State law, whichever is less.

Half Story - See "Story, Half."

Hazardous Material - Any material that, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical or chemical characteristics, poses a significant present or potential hazard to human health and safety or to the environment if released into the <u>home</u>, workplace, or the environment.

Health Club and Fitness Establishment- A membership facility providing space and specialized equipment for exercise individually or in a group.

Health Professional - A person licensed or certified by a board under administered by the Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene.

Heavy Industrial Use - Production of service operations that require heavy machinery and may produce <u>air or waste pollution, dust</u>, noise, smoke, odors, or other potentially adverse emanations. Such uses include, but are not limited to, concrete or asphalt batch plants; machine shops; trucking terminals; foundries; sawmills; alcoholic beverage production; junk yards and recycling facilities; fertilizer mixing; and similar uses. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

Height of Building See, Building, height of.



<u>Historic Site</u> – A place designated by the Mayor and Council as significant for its association with an historic event, activity, or person.

Home Improvement Service – Services that supply, install, or maintain the constructed elements, plumbing, and electrical wiring of homes, such as plumber; electrician; carpenter; and specialty trade contractors providing services to alter, remodel, repair or replace a building or part of a building uses as a residence, including but not limited to roofing, flooring, tiling, windows, brick and stone masonry. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

Home Maintenance Service - Services that supply, install, or maintain durable goods in homes such as locksmith; household appliance repair; upholstering, glass studio sales and installation; picture framing; interior decorator; and similar services for the upkeep of the home. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition

Home-Based Business Enterprise - Any occupation that provides a service or product and is conducted within a dwelling unit by a resident or residents of the dwelling unit without diminishing its residential character. A home-based business enterprise has the following characteristics: [MOVED TO AND INCORPORATED WITH THE REST OF THE HOME-BASED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE STANDARDS]

- 1. It is clearly subordinate to the use of the dwelling unit for residential purposes and requires no external modifications that detract from the residential appearance of the dwelling unit. A home-based business enterprise is not an accessory use.
 - It is conducted entirely within the dwelling unit and does not use any open yard area of the lot or parcel on which the dwelling unit is located or any building constructed on the lot or parcel specifically for the purpose of operating the home occupation. It may, however, involve off site activities such as sales, client contact and other matters related to the home-based business_enterprise.
- 2. A home-based business enterprise does not include the following: bed-and-breakfast establishment, boardinghouse, day care facility, display of furniture goods not associated with a home-based business enterprise not made in the home for sale in the home or at an offsite location, landscape contractor, private educational institution, tourist home, or the repair and maintenance of motor vehicles.
- 3. Work at home in connection with off premises employment not involving any visits to the site, such as telecommuting, is not considered a home-based business enterprise but is permitted as an accessory use.



Hospital - Any institution receiving inpatients and rendering medical care, including but not limited to general hospitals and institutions in which service is limited to special fields such as cardiac, eye, ear, nose and throat, pediatric, orthopedic, skin and cancer, mental, tuberculosis, chronic disease, and obstetrics. The term "hospital" shall also include sanitariums, including but not limited to, those treating inpatient physical or mental disorders or substance abuse.

Hotel (including motel) - Any building containing rooms our suites of rooms designed and intended for the temporary lodging of guests, and which are available to the general public for compensation.

Housing and Related Facilities for Senior Adults and Persons with Disabilities - A building or buildings containing dwelling units and related services and facilities for senior adults or persons with disabilities. Occupancy is restricted as provided in Section 25.15.02.j. The use may also include facilities for such services to residents as meal preparation and service, day care, personal care, nursing, or therapy, or any service to the senior adult or disabled population of the community that is an ancillary part of one (1) any of the above operations.

Impervious Surface - Any surface that does not readily infiltrate water, including but not limited to: building roofs; parking and driveway areas, whether paved or unpaved; graveled areas; sidewalks; and paved recreation or green areas. An area that prevents or severely restricts water from reaching the sub-surface and recharging groundwater. This condition can be caused by a structure, paving, compacted soil or gravel or other feature that forms a barrier between precipitation and the earth's surface. Impervious surface also includes elevated structures, such as a bridge or deck regardless of whether the land surface beneath it itself is pervious or impervious.

Impervious Surface, Maximum The sum of all structures or surfaces that create an impervious covering of the ground area. This includes buildings, driveways, decks, patios, air conditioner pads, and similar items. Internal sidewalks up to four feet (4') wide, play equipment, and other decorative structures are not included. [MOVED TO MEASUREMENTS IN 25.03.03.c]

Improvement - Any building, structure, road, driveway, parking or loading area, pedestrian path, landscaping, screening, fencing, or recreational facility.

Improvement, Public - Any or all of the following <u>improvements for the benefit of the public generally</u>: roads and streets, alleys, grading, road pavement, <u>fire hydrants</u>, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, crosswalks and pedestrian paths, water mains, sanitary sewer lines, <u>water supply and sewage disposal, storm sewer lines and drainage structures</u>, <u>storm drains</u>, <u>drainage structures</u>, <u>rain gardens</u>, <u>stormwater swales</u>, <u>curb returns</u>, sidewalks and driveway entrances in rights-of-way, guardrails, retaining



walls, sodding, planting, monuments, streetlights, and other infrastructure <u>owned by</u> the City or other governmental entities.

Interim Historic Review - That period of time between the initiation of the historic designated process and the final determination by the City as to whether the property should be designated as an Historic District.

Interior Lot - See "Lot, Interior."

Junk Yard - Any land or building used for the abandonment, storage, keeping, collecting or baling of paper, rags, scrap metals, other scrap or discarded materials, or for the abandonment of inoperable automobiles or other vehicles, machinery, or associated parts.

Kennel - Any building or land used, designed, or arranged for the boarding, breeding, or care of dogs or cats.

Kitchen - Any room or area used or intended to be used for the preparation and cooking of food. The presence of a range or oven, or utility connections suitable for servicing a range or oven establishes a kitchen.

Laboratory, Dental - A place where dental bridgework and orthodontic appliances are made.

Laboratory, Medical - A place for the testing and classification of human tissue at the request of a physician for a particular patient.

Laboratory, Research - A facility for scientific research in the fields of physics, chemistry, medicine, genetics, biotechnology, and similar fields of inquiry.

Land Use, Transitional —A land use interposed between a higher intensity use and a lower intensity use that provides a buffer between these different land uses. The transitional use is considered compatible with both types of land uses, with appropriate buffering and screening adjacent to the lower intensity use. [REMOVED COMPLETELY FOR LACK OF USE]

Landscaping - Grass, trees, hedges, shrubs, vines, ground covers, or flowers planted and maintained to enhance the appearance of a development. Landscaping may include non-botanical features such as walks, fountains, reflecting pools, art works, rain gardens, stormwater management features, screens, walls, fences, and benches.

Landscaping, Screening, and Lighting Manual - A document adopted by the Mayor and Council that sets out the parameters for tree planting and landscaping installation,



including guidelines for location and varieties of plantings. The manual also includes standards for the design and performance of exterior lighting installations.

Law - Any law, ordinance, or resolution or regulation having the effect of law, whether adopted by the Federal, State, County, City, or other unit of government or agency thereof.

Life Care Facility - A facility housed in a single building or group of buildings that provides for continuing progressive care of residents. Occupancy is restricted as provided in Article 70B of the Annotated Code of Maryland, as amended, and any other applicable provisions issued by the Maryland Health Resources Planning Commission. A life care facility must include dwelling units for either independent or assisted living, or both, plus a nursing home of a suitable size to provide treatment or care of the residents; it may include ancillary facilities for the further enjoyment, service or care of the residents.

Light Industrial Uses - Light manufacturing and industrial support services that may involve fabrication and assembly of materials. Such uses include, but are not limited to contractor's storage yards; cold storage facility; wholesaling; general warehousing; commercial greenhouses; printing and publishing; outdoor parking and storage; bottling plant; ice plants; dry cleaning plant; manufacture of light sheet metal products; lumberyards; automotive body shop and repairs; manufacturing, compounding or assembly of articles from previously prepared materials; roofing services; blacksmith; manufacture of electrical and electronic equipment and precision instruments; and similar uses. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

<u>Live/Work Unit</u> –A building or spaces within a building used jointly for commercial and residential purposes where the residential use of the space is secondary or accessory to the primary use as a place of work.

Loading Platform - Any platform, deck, floor, or portion thereof elevated to the approximate level of the floor or bed of cargo-carrying vehicles and used to facilitate the loading and unloading of such vehicles. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

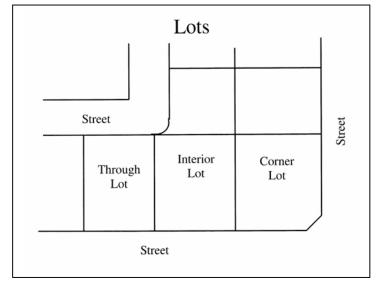
Loading Space - An off-street space used only for the parking of a vehicle while loading or unloading goods or materials and which cannot be counted towards the off-street parking requirement.

Lot - A parcel or quantity of land. Lots include the following:



1. Lot, Buildable - Any record lot meeting the minimum lot area and frontage requirements of the zone in which it is located.

Lot, Contiguous The lot directly abutting the subject property and not separated by other property or a public street or alley. [DEFINED CONTIGUOUS INSTEAD AND ALPHABETIZED UNDER "C"]



2. Lot, Corner - A lot abutting at the intersection of two (2) or more streets where the interior angle of the intersection does not exceed 135 degrees.

Lot, Front of—The side or sides of an interior or through lot which abuts a street; in a corner lot, the side or sides abutting either street may be considered as the front lot line provided that the side selected as the front has the required minimum lot frontage. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

3. Lot, Interior - Any lot other than a corner lot, including a through lot.

Lot, Minimum Frontage at Front Lot Line - The least permissible width of a lot, measured horizontally along the front lot line. [MOVED TO MEASUREMENTS IN 25.03.03.c]

- 4. *Lot, Ownership* Land designated as a separate and distinct parcel of land for purposes of ownership on a legally recorded ownership plat filed among the land records of the County. Any land so designated shall not constitute a record lot or plan of subdivision.
- 5. Lot, Pipe Stem See, pipe stem lot
- 6. Lot, Qualifying A lot with a net area of less than 6,000 square feet but at least 5,000 square feet, or with a width at the front building line of less than 60 feet but at least 50 feet shown on a plat or deed recorded prior to October 1, 1957.



- 7. Lot, Record The land designated as a separate and distinct parcel of land on a legally recorded subdivision plat filed among the land records of the County, but does not include land identified on any such plat as an outlot or an ownership lot shown on an ownership plat.
- 8. *Lot, Through* An interior lot fronting on two (2) or more streets that do not intersect adjacent to the lot.

Lot Coverage - The percentage of lot area covered by buildings (or structures), including covered porches and accessory buildings.

Lot Line - The lines bounding a record lot or deeded lot, as herein defined:

- 1. *Lot Line, Front* The street line running along the front of the lot and separating it from the street. In a through lot <u>and a corner lot</u>, both lines abutting the street are deemed to be front lot lines.
- 2. Lot Line, Rear The lot line generally opposite or parallel to the front lot line, except in a through lot. If the rear lot line is less than ten feet (10') long or the lot comes to a point at the rear, the rear lot line is assumed to be a line not less than ten feet (10') long, lying wholly within the lot, parallel to the front lot line, or in the case of a curved front lot line, parallel to the chord of the arc of the front lot line.
- 3. Lot Line, Side The lot lines connecting the front and rear lot lines.

Manufacturing - The mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products, including the assembling of component parts, the creation of products, and the blending of materials, such as lubricating oils, plastics, resins, or liquors.

Map Amendment - A change in the zoning designation(s) of a property or area as depicted on the Zoning Map for the City. A map amendment may be one (1) of the following:

- 1. Comprehensive Map Amendment A City-wide zoning action affecting the entire City that may rezone some or all areas of the City and reconfirm the zoning in other areas of the City.
- 2. Local Map Amendment A change of zoning, normally sought by a property owner or other person having a proprietary interest in the property to be affected by the amendment. A local map amendment can include more than one (1) tract of land. Land can be combined for the purpose of rezoning. All



portions of the property rezoned must be classified in one (1) zone or two (2) alternative zones.

3. Sectional Map Amendment – A zoning action affecting a section of the City.

A sectional map amendment is a type of comprehensive amendment as defined by Maryland case law that covers a section of the City in which all the zoning within a defined area is reviewed.

Medical Clinic Building - An establishment where patients are accepted on an outpatient basis for specialized study and/or treatment by a group of physicians practicing medicine together.

Memorial Garden, Accessory — A place located on the same lot and operated and maintained by a place of worship where the ashes of deceased persons may be scattered or placed. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

Metes and Bounds - A system of describing and identifying land by measurement (metes) and compass direction (bounds) from an identifiable point of reference such as a monument, marker, point of intersection, stone, or other permanent feature.

Mezzanine - A partial story projecting out over the floor below and no larger than one-third (1/3) of a main floor.

<u>Mid-Block Access</u> - A public way within a block, intended primarily for pedestrians and from which motor-propelled vehicles are excluded, and which is designed to improve access to adjacent roads or lots.

Minor Subdivision – See "Subdivision, Minor."

Mixed-Use Development - A development containing any combination of office, commercial, and residential uses integrated vertically or horizontally.

Mobile Use, General, and Professional Office- A self-contained mobile unit in which general and professional offices are operated. All functional necessities for the operation of the use such as water, sanitary facilities, power, etc., shall be self-contained and the unit shall have its own motive power. Trailers which require a separate locomotion unit shall not be considered a mobile unit.

Monument Sign – See "Sign, Monument."

Motel - See "Hotel" [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

Motor Vehicle and Trailer Sales Lot - A lot arranged, designed, or used for the storage and display for sale of any motor vehicle or any type of trailer.



Multiple-Unit Dwelling – See "Dwelling, Multiple-Unit."

<u>Noncommercial Sign - See "Sign, Noncommercial."</u>

Nonconforming Sign – See "Sign, Nonconforming."

Nonconforming Use - A use that was lawful when established but no longer conforms to the requirements of the zone in which it is located because of the adoption or amendment of the zoning ordinance or zoning map.

<u>Nonconformity, Development Standard</u> – See "Development Standard Nonconformity."

Nursing Home - A facility licensed, funded, or registered by the State of Maryland or the County devoted primarily to the maintenance and operation of resources for the treatment and care of persons suffering from illness, disease, aging, or injury and not requiring acute care that is normally provided in a hospital, but who require care in excess of room and board and who need the availability of on-site medical, nursing, convalescent, or chronic care.

Occupant Identification Sign – See "Sign, Occupant Identification."

Off-Premises Sign – See "Sign, Off-Premises."

Office and /Business Equipment Sales and Services - Retail services directed primarily to the support of office functions. Such uses may include duplicating services, office furniture sales and service, private postal service, medical supplies and equipment, and/or scientific and laboratory supplies. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

Open Area - An area of land associated with and located on the same tract of land as a major building or group of buildings providing light and air, scenic or recreational space, or other similar purpose.

- 1. Such space Open area shall, in general, be available for entry and use by the occupants of the building involved, but may include space so located and treated as to enhance the amenity of the development by providing landscaping features, screening for the benefit of the occupants or those in neighboring areas, or a general appearance of openness.
- 2. Green Open area may include, but not be limited to, lawns, decorative planting, sidewalks and walkways, and active and passive recreational areas, including children's playgrounds, fountains, swimming pools, wooded areas, and watercourses; but shall not include parking lots or vehicular surfaces,



accessory buildings other than swimming pools, or areas of open space so located or so small or so circumscribed by buildings, parking, or drainage areas as to have no substantial value for the purposes stated in this paragraph.

Ornamental Flag – See "Flag, ornamental."

Outlot - An unbuildable parcel of land which has not been included on a recorded plat as a numbered lot due to insufficient size or frontage, poor topography, lack of accessibility, or other reasons.

Overlay Zone - A geographic area that constitutes a mapped district superimposed over the underlying base zone on the official zoning map. An overlay zone includes development regulations and standards that either add to or modify the requirements of the underlying zone.

Owner - The owner of property as shown on the assessment records of the State Department of Assessments and Taxation.

Ownership Lot – See "Lot, Ownership."

Ownership Plat - A plat legally recorded and filed among the land records of the County which designates land as separate lots for purposes of ownership identification only. An ownership plat is not a plat of subdivision.

Parcel - A contiguous area of land described in a single description by a deed or other instrument or as one (1) of a number of lots on a plat or plan, capable of being separately conveyed.

Park - Land owned or administered by a branch of government and available to the general public for recreational purposes.

Parking Lot - See "Automobile Parking Facility".

<u>Parking Facility</u> - A lot and/or structure or portion thereof used for the storage or parking of automobiles, incidental to an office, commercial, institutional, or industrial use, with or without compensation.

Party of Record - Any person who registers an appearance at a public hearing or proceeding, either through direct testimony or written submission, or who provides written notice of intent to participate in a public hearing or proceeding.

Patio - An uncovered level outdoor recreation space, normally masonry that is less than 12 inches above grade.



Pawnbroker - Any person, corporation, or other business entity engaged in the business of lending money on the deposit or pledge of tangible personal property or in the business of purchasing tangible personal property on the condition of reselling same to the seller at a stipulated price or reselling same to the general public upon the failure of the seller to reclaim the property. Without limiting the foregoing, any person, corporation, or other business entity required by the State of Maryland or Montgomery County, Maryland to have a pawnbroker or pawn dealer license or other similar license to operate a pawn shop or otherwise engage in pawning operations shall be deemed to be a pawnbroker under this definition.

Pennant - Any series of small flag-like or streamer-like pieces of cloth, plastic, paper, or similar material attached in a row to any staff, cord, building, or at only one (1) or two (2) edges, the remainder hanging loosely.

<u>Permanent Sign – See "Sign, Permanent."</u>

Permitted Use – See "Use, Permitted."

Person - An individual, association, firm, partnership, corporation, or government agency, but does not include the City.

Person with a Disability - A person who is determined by a qualified medical authority to have physical or mental impairments that:

- 1. Are expected to be long continued and of indefinite duration;
- 2. Substantially impede the ability to live independently; and
- 3. Are of such a nature that the ability to live independently could be improved by more suitable housing conditions.

Personal Living Quarters - A permanent residential unit with incomplete kitchen or bathroom facilities, occupied by no more than two (2) persons in each such unit, and located within a larger structure that contains at least five (5) such units, plus a residential unit for an on-site manager.

Personal Services Office - Offices directly serving the public, such as real estate office; travel agency; investment broker; insurance sales; and similar uses. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

Animal <u>Pet Grooming Service</u> - A facility, other than a veterinary hospital, used for the grooming of household pets for profit, and not including overnight boarding.

Petitioner - See "Applicant."



<u>Pipe Stem Lot</u> – A lot that does not meet the required frontage at the normal minimum front setback line, due to being configured with a narrow panhandle or pipe stem, which panhandle or pipe stem provides vehicular and pedestrian access to a street, with the bulk of the property lying to the rear of one (1) or more lots.

Plan - The policies, statements, goals, and interrelated plans for private and public land use, transportation, and community facilities documented in texts and maps which constitute the guide for the City's future development. For the purposes of this definition, the word "Plan" shall include general plan, Master Plan, comprehensive plan, community plan, neighborhood plans, and the like as adopted in accordance with the applicable provisions of State law. "Plan" does not include the term "project plan" as defined elsewhere in this Article.

Plat - A plotted map, chart or plan; or a map of a legally recorded subdivision showing the boundaries and locations of the lot or lots recorded thereon.

- 1. Plat, Ownership See "Ownership Plat."
- 2. Plat, Record A map representing a tract of land, showing the boundaries and location of individual properties, and recorded among the land records of Montgomery County, Maryland. A map that illustrates a metes and bounds description of the property into a system of lot and block numbering, the naming of the tract (subdivision name), and the assignment of a plat number when recorded among the Land Records of Montgomery County, Maryland.
- 3. <u>Plat, Subdivision</u> (Final Record Plat) Final record plats are the illustrated system of mapping and identifying lots within densely populated areas into a single mapping system.

Porch - A roofed, open area attached to or part of a building, and with direct access to and from the building.

<u>Pre-Existing Grade</u> – The height of the ground prior to construction or earth moving by human means as of [insert date].

Preliminary Report - An initial report prepared by the Planning Commission providing recommendations on appropriate zoning classifications for properties being annexed into the City.

Private Club - An incorporated or unincorporated association for civic, social, cultural, religious, literary, political, recreational, or like activities, operated for the benefits of its members and not open to the general public.



Professional Office - The office of a member of a recognized profession maintained for the conduct of that profession, but not including medical, veterinary, or dental clinics.

Prohibited Use – See "Use, Prohibited."

Project Plan - A <u>conceptual plan</u> of development for a major project proposal that must be approved by the Mayor and Council and may encompass multiple buildings or multiple uses, and which may include a phasing plan for completion of the development over time.

Public Use Space - An area of land open area associated with and located on the same tract of land as a major principal building or group of buildings providing light and air, recreational space, or other similar purpose.

- a. Such space open area must be accessible for use and enjoyment by the general public, and may include space so located and treated as to enhance the amenity of the development by providing landscaping features, screening, or a general appearance of openness.
- a. Public use space may include, but not be limited to, lawns, decorative plantings, sidewalks and walkways, and active and passive recreational areas, including children's playgrounds, fountains, wooded areas, and watercourses; but does not include parking lots or vehicular surfaces, accessory buildings or areas of open space so located or so small or so circumscribed by buildings, or parking or drainage areas as to have no substantial value for the purposes stated in this paragraph.

Public Utility Building - Buildings and structures of a public utility company for the housing of switching equipment, regulators, and stationary transformers for supplying electric service; telephone offices and exchanges; radio and television stations, and buildings and structures of similar nature and characteristics. The term public utility building does not include a wireless communication facility and its related equipment enclosures.

Qualifying Lot – See "Lot, Qualifying."

<u>Real Estate Sign – See, "Sign, Real Estate."</u>

Rear Lot Line - See "Lot Line, Rear."

Rear Yard - See "Yard, Rear."

Record Lot – See "Lot, Record."



Recreational and Sport Facility, Indoor, Commercial — A multi-purpose indoor facility that does not permit sale or consumption of alcoholic beverages on the premises, and provides for recreational facilities including, but not limited to, the following activities: ice hockey, figure skating, recreational ice skating, indoor soccer, in line skating, and health and fitness activities, excluding shooting galleries or ranges, conducted in a building containing not less than 60,000 square feet of gross floor area. Such a facility may also contain meeting rooms. [MOVED TO SPORT FACILITY, MULTI-PURPOSE, INDOOR COMMERCIAL]

Recreational Establishment, Indoor, Commercial - An activity of an athletic nature for which a fee is paid which takes place inside a building, including baseball batting in cages, basketball, golf driving practice, gymnastics, golf, racquetball, rock climbing, skiing practice, swimming, tennis, volleyball, bowling, billiards, or other athletic activity.

<u>Recreational Establishment, Outdoor, Commercial</u> – An activity of an athletic nature for which a fee is paid which takes place outside a building.

Recreational Facility - Any nonaccessory swimming pool, community building, golf course, tennis court, baseball diamond, football field, basketball court, play area, handball court, or other athletic field or facility.

Restaurant - A dine-in establishment with seating for patrons that merchandises or dispenses food and drink.

- 1. *Restaurant*, *Accessory* A restaurant that is an accessory use to a hotel or office building and intended primarily to serve those guests or workers already on site, and does not include drive-through or walk-up services, a separate outside entrance, or signage visible from a public way;
- 2. Restaurant, Fast Food An establishment in which food and drink are usually prepared in advance and served in disposable containers and which may be consumed on premises or may be taken from the premises. Such establishment may or may not have drive-through facilities or may be a drive-through only restaurant with no indoor enclosed seating.
- 3. *Restaurant, Full Service* An establishment merchandising or dispensing food and drink which may include curb side pick-up but not a drive-through facility, and whose principal method of operation includes one (1) or more of the following characteristics:
 - (a) Customers, normally provided with an individual menu, are served their food by a restaurant employee at the same table or counter at which said items are consumed <u>and/or</u>



(b) A cafeteria or buffet style operation where food or drink is generally consumed within the restaurant building.

Retail - The sale of commodities or goods in small quantities to the end consumer.

Road Classification - The classification of a road as set forth in the transportation element of the Plan. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

Safety Control Sign - See "Sign, Safety Control." [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

Sale, Wholesale - The sale of goods, wares, and merchandise to other than the ultimate consumer or user for the purpose of resale.

<u>Self-Storage Warehouse – See "Warehouse, Self-Storage."</u>

Semidetached Dwelling - See "Dwelling, Semidetached (Duplex)."

Senior Adult - A person who is 62 years of age or older.

Service Industrial Use - Light industrial, research, and service uses not normally requiring the use of heavy machinery or noxious materials. Such uses include, but are not limited to, the packaging of previously prepared commodities; assembly of electrical and electronic appliances and equipment and precision instruments; photographic processing; self-storage warehouse; radio and television recording studios; research laboratories; home improvement services; and similar types of uses. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this Chapter.

Setback - The minimum perpendicular distance required between a lot line and any building or structure constructed or which may be constructed thereon consistent with the setback requirements of the zone in which such lot is located.

Sexually Oriented Activity - Any of the following:

- 1. The fondling or other erotic touching in a sexual context of human or animal genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female breast;
- 2. Sex acts, heterosexual or homosexual, actual or simulated, including but not limited to oral, anal, or vaginal intercourse, sodomy, masturbation, and masochistic or sadistic acts; or
- 3. Excretory functions of any nature as part of or in connection with any of the activities set forth above.



Sexually Oriented Material - Any material, display, or performance whether written, oral or visual, whose predominant character and theme is the depiction or description of sexually oriented activities or specified anatomical areas, as well as any instrument, device or paraphernalia, which is designed for use in connection with sexually oriented activities.

Shooting Gallery or Range - Any establishment which, as part of its activities, provides a location in which firearms are discharged.

Shopping Center - A group of six (6) or more commercial establishments on a single record lot which are planned, developed, and managed as a single unit with off-street parking provided on the property and related in location, size, and type of shops to the trade area that the unit serves.

Side Lot Line - See, "Lot Line, Side."

Side Yard – See "Yard, Side."

Sign - Any structure, part thereof, or device attached thereto or painted or represented thereon or any material or thing, illuminated or otherwise, which displays or includes any numeral, letter, words, model, banner, pennant, emblem, insignia, device, trademark, logo, graphic, or other representation, in any manner whatsoever, so as to convey information or attract attention. Sign does not include the flag, emblem, insignia, poster, or other display of a nation, state, or political subdivision.

- 1. Abandoned <u>Sign</u> A sign which identifies a business, lessor, service, owner, product, or activity that is no longer located on the premises, or a sign for which no legal owner can be found. "Abandoned sign" also includes any permanent sign not properly maintained or operated for a period of six (6) months or longer, any temporary sign that has deteriorated, and any sign structure that no longer supports the sign for which it was designed. Permanent signs applicable to a business temporarily suspended because of a change of ownership or management of such business shall not be deemed abandoned unless the property, building, or space remains vacant for a period of six (6) months or more.
- 2. *Sign*, *Building* Any sign mounted on a wall, window, marquee, fascia, mansard, canopy, or parapet of a building.
- 3. *Sign, Commercial* A sign that references or directs the attention of the public to a business, commodity, service, sale or sales event, or other commercial activity. Commercial sign does not include election signs, temporary signs pertaining to fundraising activities for non-profit organizations, or temporary yard sale signs.



- 4. *Sign*, *Directional* A noncommercial sign that contains only information assisting the flow of vehicular or pedestrian traffic or control of parking.
- 5. *Sign*, *Election* Any temporary sign that advocates the candidacy of any person for an elected position or an issue that is to be voted on in a Federal, State, County, or City election process. Election sign does not include a campaign headquarters sign or other permanent sign.
- 6. *Sign*, *Freestanding* Any sign which carries only the name and/or logo or trademark of one (1) business, place, organization, building, or person it identifies.
- 7. *Sign, Monument* A freestanding sign mounted directly and permanently to the ground without a separate supporting structure.
- 8. Sign, Noncommercial A sign that is not a commercial sign.
- 9. *Sign, Nonconforming* Any sign that does not conform to the provisions of this Chapter, but was placed or constructed in accordance with City ordinances existing at the time of its placement or construction.
- 10. Sign, Occupant Identification A sign indicating the name and/or profession or address of a person or persons or entity residing on the premises or legally occupying the premises.
- 11. *Sign, Off-Premises* A sign that directs attention to a building, product, business, organization, service, entertainment, commodity, accommodations, activity, or institution that is not located, conducted, sold, rented, produced, manufactured and/or furnished on the same lot as the sign.
 - (a) Off-premises signs include, but are not limited to, signs commonly referred to as "billboards."
 - (b) Off-premises sign does not include election signs or noncommercial signs that comply with all other requirements of this Chapter.
- 12. *Sign*, *Permanent* A sign that is constructed in a manner and of materials that will withstand long-term display and is intended to be displayed for an indefinite period of time.
- 13. *Sign, Real Estate* A temporary sign advertising the sale, rental, or lease of the real estate upon which the sign is located.



Sign, Safety Control A warning, control, OSHA, or other sign required for public safety. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

- 14. *Sign*, *Temporary* A non-permanent sign constructed of durable, semi-durable, or non-durable material not intended to be displayed for an indefinite period.
- 15. Sign, Traffic Control Any sign located on public or private property that is used as a traffic control device and that is described and identified in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and approved by the Federal Highway Administrator as the national standard. A traffic control sign includes those signs that are classified and defined by their function as regulatory signs (that give notice of traffic laws or regulations), warning signs (that give notice of a situation that might not readily be apparent), and guide signs (that show route designations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information.).
- 16. *Sign*, *Yard Sale* Any onsite temporary sign pertaining to the sale of personal property in, at, or upon any residential property or residentially-zoned property, whether such sale be designated as a yard sale, garage sale, lawn sale, home sale, attic sale, moving sale, rummage sale, or any similar designation.

<u>Single Housekeeping Group</u> – The functional equivalent of a traditional family; whose members are a non-transient interactive group of persons jointly occupying a single dwelling unit, including the joint use of common areas, and sharing household activities and responsibilities such as meals, chores, and expenses.

Single Unit Detached Dwelling – See "Dwelling, Single Unit Detached."

Site - A lot, tract, or parcel of land considered as one (1) land unit for the purposes of this Chapter.

Site Plan - The development plan for one (1) or more lots on which is shown the existing and proposed conditions of the lot, including topography, vegetation, drainage, floodplains, wetlands, and waterways; landscaping and open spaces; walkways; vehicle circulation, parking and loading areas; historic and archaeological resources; utility services; structures and buildings; signs; exterior lighting; buffers and screening; surrounding development; and any other information that reasonably may be required by the Approving Authority.

Special Exception - A grant of a specific use that would not be appropriate generally or without restriction and must be based upon a finding that certain conditions governing special exceptions as detailed in this Chapter exist, that the use conforms to the Plan, and that the use is compatible with the existing neighborhood.



Specified Anatomical Area - Any of the following:

- 1. Less than completely and opaquely covered human genitals, pubic region, buttocks, anus, or female breasts below a point immediately above the top of the areola; or
- 2. Human male genitals in a discernable turgid state, even if completely and opaquely covered.

Sport Facility, Multi-Purpose, Indoor, Commercial — A multi-purpose indoor facility that does not permit sale or consumption of alcoholic beverages on the premises, and provides for recreational facilities including, but not limited to, the following activities: ice hockey, figure skating, recreational ice skating, indoor soccer, in-line skating, and health and fitness activities, excluding shooting galleries or ranges, conducted in a building containing not less than 60,000 square feet of gross floor area. Such a facility may also contain meeting rooms.

Story - A story is:

- 1. That portion of a building included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the floor next above it or, if there be no floor above it, the space between such floor and ceiling next above it.
- 2. A basement will be counted as a story if its ceiling is over five feet (5') above the level from which the height of the building is measured or if it is used for dwelling purposes by other than a janitor or domestic servant employed in the same building including the family of the same.
- 3. A mezzanine floor will be counted as a story if it covers over one-third (1/3) of the area of the floor next below it or if the vertical distance between the floor next below it and the floor next above it is 20 feet or more.

Story, Half - A story under a gable, hip, or gambrel roof, the wall plates of which on the least two (2) opposite exterior walls are not more than two feet (2') above the floor of such story.

Street - A public dedicated way which affords the principal means of access to abutting property, including street, avenue, place, drive, boulevard, highway, road, pike, cul-de-sac, court, and any other public way except an alley or driveway.



Street, Centerline of - A line:

- 1. Established as a centerline of a street by any State, County, or other official agency or governing body having jurisdiction thereof and shown as such on an officially adopted or legally recorded map; or
- 2. If there be no official center line of a street, the center line shall be a line lying midway between the street or right-of-way lines thereof. When the street lines are indeterminate, and pavement or a well-defined traveled way exists, the centerline is assumed to be a line midway between the edges of such pavement or traveled way.

Street Width - The horizontal distance between the side lines of a street at right angles to the side lines.

Structural Alteration – See "Alteration, Structural."

Structure - A combination of materials which requires permanent location on the ground or attachment to something having permanent location on the ground.

Subdivider - Any person or duly authorized agent who undertakes the subdivision of land as defined herein and includes the term "developer" even though the personnel involved in the successive stages of the project may vary.

Subdivision - The division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into two (2) or more lots, plats, sites, or other divisions of land or assemblage of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of sale or of building development. "Subdivision" includes resubdivision and, when appropriate to the context, relates to the process of resubdividing or to the land or territory subdivided.

Subdivision, Minor - A division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into no more than three (3) lots.

Swimming Pool - A pool for swimming by human beings having adequate legal capacity and deck size.

- 1. Swimming Pool, Accessory Swimming pools or wading pool, including buildings necessary or incidental thereto, conducted as an accessory use:
 - (a) Maintained and operated by the management of any multi-family multiple-dwelling unit, attached development in any multifamily Residential Medium Density or Mixed-Use zone or development. An accessory swimming pool may provide memberships to persons residing in single-family dwellings if the pool was originally approved under a



special exception for a private, non-commercial community swimming pool for use by residents in a development containing both multi-family and single-family single-dwelling unit and multiple-dwelling unit residences; or

- (b) Maintained and operated by the management of a hotel or motel for the use of patrons thereof; Maintained and operated by any industry for exclusive use of employees of such industry; or
- (c) Maintained and operated in conjunction with a bona fide country club located on a site having at least 50 acres for exclusive use of members of such club and their guest(s); or
- (d) Owned and maintained by an individual or group of less than five (5) individuals or families for the sole use of the owner and guests of the owner, without charge for admission, and not for the purpose of profit or in connection with any business operated for profit, located on a lot as an accessory use to a residence.
- 2. Swimming Pool, Nonaccessory Any swimming pool that is not an accessory swimming pool.

Tangible Personal Property - Property having physical substance that is movable and not fixed permanently to one (1) location. Examples of tangible personal property include, but not limited to:

- 1. Art objects;
- 2. Audio-visual equipment, including a radio, television set, video disk machine, video cassette recorder, or stereo equipment;
- 3. Bicycles;
- 4. Cameras;
- 5. Carpets or rugs;
- 6. Computer equipment or typewriters;
- 7. Fine or historic china, crystal, glass, and porcelain;
- 8. Firearms:
- 9. Fur and leather goods;



- 10. Household appliances;
- 11. Jewelry or watches;
- 12. Musical instruments;
- 13. Office machines or equipment (except furniture of similar furnishings);
- 14. Optical equipment;
- 15. Tangible personal property pledged as collateral (pawned items);
- 16. Tools; and
- 17. Any item serialized, marked for personal identification purposes, or engraved.

Through Lot – See "Lot, Through."

Townhouse - See dwelling unit, townhouse.

Tract - An area of land with definite or ascertainable boundaries and which may include multiple lots or parcels.

Traffic Control Sign – See "Sign, Traffic Control."

Trailer - An unpowered wheeled vehicle designed to be towed by a motor vehicle.

Transit Station Link - An exterior pedestrian walkway, accessible for public use and separate and apart from vehicular traffic that provides a direct connection to a Metrorail station.

Urban - Within the City, those areas characterized by a concentration of commercial and multi-unit residential uses with building heights averaging more than 40 feet tall and representing the highest development densities within the City.

Use - The principal purpose for which a lot or portion thereof or the building or structure thereon or part thereof is designed, arranged, or intended and for which it is or may be used, occupied or maintained.

1. Use, Accessory

A use incidental to a permitted, conditional, or special exception use which complies with the following conditions the conditions for an accessory use in Article 9 of this Chapter: [MOVED TO STANDARDS IN ARTICLE 9]



- 1. Is clearly incidental and customary to and commonly associated with the operation of the permitted or special exception use;
- 2. Is operated and maintained under the same ownership and on the same lot as the permitted or special exception use;
- 3. Does not include structures or structural features inconsistent with the permitted or special exception use;
- 4. Does not include residential occupancy or retail sales;
- 5. If operated partially or entirely in detached structures, the gross floor area of such detached accessory structures must not exceed the provisions for accessory buildings set forth in Article 9; Does not have a gross floor area in excess of the provisions for accessory buildings set forth in Article 9, if operated partially or entirely in detached structures;
- 2. Accessory structures that were constructed under the standards in effect at the time they were erected are considered conforming and may be modified, repaired, or replaced so long as they conform to the previous development standards;
- 3. If operated partially or entirely within the structure containing the permitted or special exception use, the gross floor area within such structure utilized by accessory uses (except garages and off-street loading facilities) is not greater than:
 - (a.) Twenty percent (20%) of the gross floor area, but not to exceed 300 square feet of the gross floor area of a dwelling unit; or
 - (b.) Ten percent (10%) of the gross floor area of a structure containing any permitted or special exception use other than a dwelling unit.
- 2. *Use, Conditional* A use that is permitted in a zone, but which must comply with specified conditions that may limit some aspect of that use.
- 3. *Use, Nonconforming -* See "nonconforming use".
- 4. *Use, Permitted* A use of land permitted by right anywhere within the zone.
- 5. *Use, Prohibited* A use of land or building not permitted anywhere within the zone, either by right or by special exception.



Use, Seasonal The use of a building, lot, or both, or a portion thereof which is periodically used for a certain portion of a calendar year. [REMOVED COMPLETELY]

6. Use, Special Exception - See "special exception".

Variance - A modification only of density, bulk, or area requirements in the zoning ordinance where such modification will not be contrary to the public interest and where owing to conditions peculiar to the property, and not the result of any action taken by the applicant, a literal enforcement of this Chapter would result in practical difficulty.

Veterinary Veterinary Office - A facility staffed by at least one (1) veterinarian duly licensed by the State for the care of animals and their treatment on an outpatient basis only.

Visible Construction - The initiation of laying and/or installing material for a future structure. Visible construction requires more than locating markers and site grading.

Visit - A trip to <u>a</u> residence by one (1) vehicle transporting one (1) or more clients or customers or one (1) vehicle picking up or delivering parcels in connection with a home-based business enterprise.

Warehouse, Self-Storage - A building consisting of individual storage spaces available for rent or lease to individual persons. A resident care-taker dwelling unit may be allowed as an accessory use.

Warehousing - The storage of goods, wares, and merchandise which will be processed, sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of for ultimate consumption off the premises.

Wearing Apparel Service - Services such as tailor or dressmaker; dry cleaning pickup station; shoe repair; laundromat; and valet. Items separately regulated in this Chapter are not included in this definition.

Wireless Communication Facility - A facility for the transmission and/or reception of wireless communication services, consisting of one (1) or more antennas. Such a facility also may include transmission cables, related equipment enclosures, and, in some cases, a freestanding ground-mounted antenna support structure to achieve the necessary elevation.

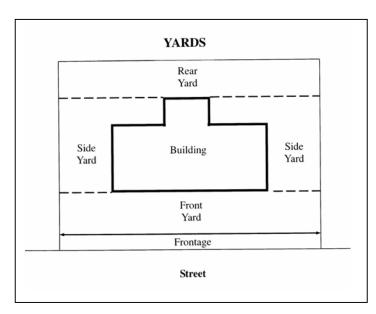
Wireless Communication Service - Those services defined in the same manner as in Title 47, U.S. Code, Section 332(c)(7)(c), as they may be amended from time to time, and such other services that consist of the transmission and/or reception of



information by electromagnetic wave, digital signals, broadcast television signals, analog signals, radio frequencies, or other communication signals.

Yard - The undeveloped space created by the setback requirements, lying between the lot lines and any structure or building, and not occupied nor obstructed from the ground upward, except as provided in this Chapter.

1. *Yard, Front* - Open space extending across the full width of lot between the front lot line or the proposed front street line and nearest line of the building or any enclosed portion thereof. The depth of such yard is the shortest horizontal distance between the rear lot line and the nearest point of the building. For a corner lot in a residential zone defined by two (2) street lines connected by a third line having a length of less than 50 feet (commonly known as a "truncation"), the front yard must be measured from the front lot line, not from the truncation line.



- 2. Yard, Rear The open space extending across the full width of the lot between the rear line of the lot and the nearest line of the building, porch, or projection thereof. The depth of such yard is the shortest horizontal distance between the rear lot line and the nearest point of the building. When the rear lot line is less than ten feet (10') long or, if the lot comes to a point in the rear, the depth of rear yard is measured to an assumed rear lot line, as defined under lot line, rear.
- 3. *Yard, Side* The open space between the side lot line, the side street line, or the proposed side street line, if such line falls within the lot, and the nearest line of the building, porch, or projection thereof, extending from the front yard to the rear yard, or, in the absence of either of such yards, to the front lot line



or rear lot line. The width of a side yard shall be the shortest distance between the side lot line and the nearest point of the building, porch, or projection thereof.

Yard Sale - The occasional sale or offering for sale to the general public of items of personal property by the owner or tenant of an improved lot in a residential district, zone whether such sale is designated as a yard sale, garage sale, lawn sale, home sale, attic sale, moving sale, rummage sale, or similar designation.

Zone - An established zoning district within which certain uses of land and buildings are permitted with or without conditions and certain others are permitted only by special exception or are prohibited; yards and other opens spaces are required; lot areas, building height limits, and other requirements are established.

Zoning Map - The Zoning Map of the City of Rockville, Maryland, officially adopted by the Mayor and Council, together with all amendments thereto subsequently adopted.

25.03.03 – Terms of Measurement and Calculation

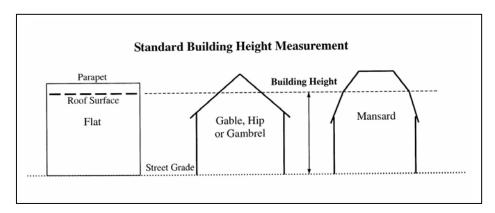
- a. *Rules of Measurement* All measured distances are to be measured to the nearest integral foot. Measurements up to 0.49 feet are rounded down; measurements of 0.5 feet or more are rounded up.
- b. *Calculations* The following subsections provide methods for calculating various areas and densities.
 - 1. Rounding Measurements or other numbers are not rounded up in order to meet a minimum requirement or rounded down in order to meet a maximum requirement.
 - 2. Computation of Time In computing the time limits specified in this Chapter:
 - (a) The day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not included.
 - (b) Unless business days are specified, if the period of time allowed is more than seven (7) days, all calendar days are counted. If the period of time allowed is less than seven (7) days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays are not counted. The final day is counted unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, holiday, or other day on which City Hall is not open for regular business; in which case, the next day on which City Hall is open for regular business will count as the last day.



- c. <u>Terms of Measurement</u> For purposes of this Chapter, the following terms have the following meanings
 - 1. Acre A land area containing 43,560 square feet.
 - 2. Fenestration Openings in the building wall allowing light and views between the interior and exterior. Fenestration is measured as the glass area (excluding mountings and similar window frame elements with a dimension greater than one inch (1")) for conditioned space and as open area for parking structures or other un-conditioned, enclosed space.
 - 3. Floor Area Ratio (FAR) The ratio of the gross floor area of all buildings on a lot to the lot area, excluding any portion of a building devoted to off-street parking.

4. Height (of a building)

- (a) <u>Generally</u> Except as otherwise provided, the height of a building is measured from the level of the approved street grade opposite the middle of the front of the building. The height is measured to:
 - (i) The highest point of roof surface of a flat roof-;



- (ii) The deck line of a mansard roof.; or
- (iii) Except as set forth in subsection (b.5) below, The mean height level between the eaves and ridge or peak of a gable, hip, or gambrel roof, except as set forth in subsection 25.03.03.c.4(b)(v), below.



(b) Exceptions:

- (i) <u>Greater Than 35' Setback</u> If a building is set back 35 feet or more from the street line, the building height is measured from the average elevation of the finished grade along the front of the building.
- (ii) <u>Corner Lot Exceeding 20,000 Square Feet</u> On a corner lot exceeding 20,000 square feet of area, the height of a building may be measured from either adjoining street grade.
- (iii) <u>Terraces above Street Grade</u> If the building is located on a terrace above the street grade, the height is measured from the top of the terrace.
- (iv) <u>Through Lots</u> For a through lot, the height may be measured from either street grade, provided that the maximum height permitted on the higher street extends to a point 150 feet from the lower street line, at which point the maximum height must be measured from the lower street.
- (v) <u>Special Provision For Lots in the R-60, R-75, and R-90 Zones The height of residential dwellings in the R-60, R-75, and R-90 Zones is measured at the mid-point of the front of the building from the surface of the pre-existing grade to the peak of a gable, hip, or mansard roof or to the roof surface of a flat roof. See Section 25.10.08.c.</u>
- 5. Impervious Surface, Maximum The allowable sum of all structures or surfaces that create an impervious covering of the ground area. This includes buildings, driveways, decks, patios, air conditioner pads, and similar items. Internal sidewalks up to four feet (4') wide, play equipment, and other decorative structures are not included.

6. Lot Area

- (a) *Lot Area, Minimum* That minimum net lot area required in each zone to accommodate all required setbacks, yards, and open areas.
- (b) *Lot Area, Net* The horizontal area included within the rear, side, and front lot or proposed street lines of the lot, excluding any street or highway, whether dedicated or not dedicated to public use, but including off-street automobile parking areas and other accessory uses.



- (i) No yard or open space area provided about any building for the purpose of complying the provisions of this Chapter can be considered as a yard or open space area for any other building.
- (ii) Any lot as defined in this Chapter, which was legally recorded prior to October 1, 1957, and which was a buildable lot under the zoning ordinance in effect prior to that date, is deemed a buildable lot even though it may have less than the minimum area required for any detached residential low density Single Dwelling Unit Residential Zone.
- (iii)As to any lot deemed buildable, in the event that such lot is narrower than the minimum width required in the zone in which such lot is located, the side yard requirements as to such lot can be reduced to those in effect in the next higher density detached residential zone.
- (b) *Lot Area, Useable* The useable area upon which the density of development is calculated must be determined by deducting from the gross area of the tract the following:
 - (i) All land indicated in the Plan for highways with a designated right-ofway width of 100 feet or greater;
 - (ii) All one-hundred year flood plains which, in the opinion of the Planning Commission, would constitute an excessively high percentage of the total area of the tract.
- 7. Lot, Minimum Width at Front Lot Line The least permissible width of a lot, measured horizontally along the front lot line.
- 8. Parking Spaces
 - (a) *Number of Employees* For the purposes of this Article, the number of employees for a use must be computed on the basis of the maximum number of persons to be employed at any one (1) time other than at changes of shifts.
 - (b) <u>Wheel Bumper and Curbs</u> For purposes of computing the area of any public parking space, a parking space may extend beyond a wheel bumper or curb provided that:
 - (i) The computed area of such parking space does not extend beyond a wheel bumper or curb more than two feet (2') as measured along the



- side of the space which extends the greatest distance beyond the wheel bumper or curb; and
- (ii) The computed area of such parking space does not extend beyond a wheel bumper or curb which is more than six inches (6") high, and the area of overhang is free of all obstructions above curb height.
- 9. Sign Area and Height See Section 25.18.07.
- 10. Swimming Pool, Legal Capacity The sum of the following:
 - (a) One (1) person for each ten (10) square feet of water surface where the water depth is less than five feet (5'); and
 - (b) One (1) person for each 24 square feet of water surface where the water depth is five feet (5') or greater, excluding 300 square feet of such water surface which shall be required for each diving board or diving platform.
- 11. Swimming Pool, Minimum Deck Size Legal Capacity Twenty (20) square feet per person, exclusive of the pool property, of pool apron, deck or other structure surrounding the pool proper multiplied by the number of persons constituting the legal capacity of the pool.

25.03.04 – Chart of Symbols

The following symbols are used throughout this Chapter.

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Term</u>
, 	Foot / Feet
<u>,,</u>	<u>Inches</u>
<u>Ø</u>	Square Feet

[NOTE: SIGN AREA MEASUREMENTS MOVED TO ARTICLE 18.]

